

Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) on LTC

Q.1 The Leave Travel Concession facility was first introduced by Govt. of India in

- (a) 1956 (b) 1958
(c) 1960 (d) 1965

Q.2. Who is covered under definition of family for LTC

- (a) Spouse (b) dependent unmarried children
(c) married daughters who have been divorced from their husbands (d) All of the above

Q.3 The LTC Rules, 1988 not applicable to

- (a) Railway servants (b) re-employed after their retirement
(c) appointed on contract basis (d) Central Government employee

Q.4 A person who has joined Govt. service in 1988 can avail two LTC in a year 2016

- (a) Yes, subject to not availed any LTC in 2014-15 (b) Yes, if availed only Hometown in 2014-15
(c) Never, two LTC in a Year (d) Yes, subject to unmarried Central Government employee.

Q.5 LTC cannot be availed during

- (a) Study Leave (b) Maternity leave
(c) Casual Leave (d) Child Care leave

Q.6 A person, who has joined in July 2010, after completing first eight years of service can avail his first LTC in the block

- (a) 2020-2021 (b) 2018-2019
(c) 2022-2023 (d) 2017-2018

Q.7 LTC cannot be availed by Govt. servant during

- (a) Transfer (b) Duty Tour
(c) Suspension (d) Promotion

Q.8 A Govt. Servant can visit any one place under Special Dispensation Scheme of LTC in 2017 with one Hometown conversion

- (a) J&K, A&N Islands and NER (b) Punjab, A&N Islands and NER
(c) J&K, A&N Islands and Himachal Pradesh (d) J&K, Daman & Diu and NER

Q.9 A Group B employee can take a flight from the following places to visit NER under Special Dispensation scheme in 2017

- (a) Kolkata, Guwahati (b) Kolkata, New Delhi
(c) Guwahati, Bagdogra (d) Bagdogra, New Delhi

Q.10 Authorized travel agents/Agency for Air ticket booking for LTC are

- (a) M/s Ashok Travels & Tours (b) M/s Balmer Lawrie & Company
(c) IRCTC (d) All of the above

Q.11 Time-limit for drawal of LTC advance by the Government servants for Air and Train Journey respectively

- (a) 65 days & 125 Days (b) 65 days & 65 Days
(c) 60 days & 125 Days (d) 125 days & 125 Days

Q.12 The time limit for submission of LTC claims in normal cases, when no advance is drawn:

- (a) Within three months of completion of return journey (b) Within one month of completion of return journey
(c) Within two months of completion of return journey (d) Within six months of completion of return journey

Q.13 Earned leave can be encashed alongwith LTC during the entire career

- (a) 60 days (b) 120 days
(c) 300days (d) 10 days

Q.14 Advance may be granted to a Government servant in each case of LTC

- (a) 90% of the estimated entitled cost of Journey (b) 80% of the estimated entitled cost of Journey
(c) 50% of the estimated entitled cost of Journey (d) 95% of the estimated entitled cost of Journey

Q.15 Hometown LTC is not applicable to

- (a) Hometown and Headquarter are same places (b) Hometown and Headquarter are in same state
(c) Hometown and Headquarter are in different places (d) Hometown and Headquarter are in different districts

Q.16 Fresh recruits to the Central Government are allowed to travel Any Place in India LTC in

- (a) Third Occasion (b) Sixth Occasion
(c) Fourth Occasion (d) Any Occasion

Q.17 First occasion for LTC in case of a fresh Recruit, who join on 31 December 2012

- (a) 31 December 2013(One day) (b) Calendar year 2013
(c) Calendar year 2014 upto 30 December (d) Calendar year 2012

Q.18 Present two year and four year blocks for LTC are

- (a) 2015-16, 2014-17 (b) 2016-17, 2014-18
(c) 2015-16, 2013-16 (d) 2016-17, 2014-17

Q.19 Government employees entitled to travel by air are required to travel by Air India only in Economy Class which fares are limited to

- (a) LTC-80 scheme (b) On actual basis
(c) first class AC train entitlement (d) AC bus

Q.20 Non-entitled officers can performed air journey from both national and private airlines between places connected by train but reimbursement is restricted to

- (a) LTC-80 scheme (b) the fare of the entitled class by train.
(c) first class AC train (d) AC bus